

Mathematica 11.3 Integration Test Results

Test results for the 376 problems in "Stewart Problems.m"

Problem 80: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sec(x) (1 - \sin(x)) \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 5 leaves, 2 steps) :

$$\log[1 + \sin(x)]$$

Result (type 3, 36 leaves) :

$$\log[\cos(x)] - \log\left[\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right] + \log\left[\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right]$$

Problem 81: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{1 - \sin(x)} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 11 leaves, 1 step) :

$$\frac{\cos(x)}{1 - \sin(x)}$$

Result (type 3, 25 leaves) :

$$\frac{2 \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}$$

Problem 97: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sec(x) \tan(x)^2 \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 16 leaves, 2 steps) :

$$-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin[x]] + \frac{1}{2} \sec[x] \tan[x]$$

Result (type 3, 42 leaves) :

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\log \left[\cos \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] - \sin \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \right] - \log \left[\cos \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] + \sin \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \right] + \sec[x] \tan[x] \right)$$

Problem 100: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \cot[x]^4 \csc[x]^4 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 17 leaves, 3 steps) :

$$-\frac{1}{5} \cot[x]^5 - \frac{\cot[x]^7}{7}$$

Result (type 3, 37 leaves) :

$$-\frac{2 \cot[x]}{35} - \frac{1}{35} \cot[x] \csc[x]^2 + \frac{8}{35} \cot[x] \csc[x]^4 - \frac{1}{7} \cot[x] \csc[x]^6$$

Problem 102: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \csc[x] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 5 leaves, 1 step) :

$$-\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\cos[x]]$$

Result (type 3, 17 leaves) :

$$-\log \left[\cos \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \right] + \log \left[\sin \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \right]$$

Problem 103: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \csc[x]^3 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 16 leaves, 2 steps) :

$$-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\cos[x]] - \frac{1}{2} \cot[x] \csc[x]$$

Result (type 3, 47 leaves) :

$$-\frac{1}{8} \csc\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{1}{2} \log\left[\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right] + \frac{1}{2} \log\left[\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right] + \frac{1}{8} \sec\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2$$

Problem 104: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \cos[x] \cot[x] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 8 leaves, 3 steps) :

$$-\text{ArcTanh}[\cos[x]] + \cos[x]$$

Result (type 3, 19 leaves) :

$$\cos[x] - \log\left[\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right] + \log\left[\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right]$$

Problem 113: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \csc[2x] (\cos[x] + \sin[x]) dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 15 leaves, 6 steps) :

$$-\frac{1}{2} \text{ArcTanh}[\cos[x]] + \frac{1}{2} \text{ArcTanh}[\sin[x]]$$

Result (type 3, 61 leaves) :

$$-\frac{1}{2} \log\left[\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right] - \frac{1}{2} \log\left[\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right] + \frac{1}{2} \log\left[\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right] + \frac{1}{2} \log\left[\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right]$$

Problem 121: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2 + x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 16 leaves, 2 steps) :

$$\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{-a^2 + x^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 46 leaves) :

$$-\frac{1}{2} \log\left[1 - \frac{x}{\sqrt{-a^2 + x^2}}\right] + \frac{1}{2} \log\left[1 + \frac{x}{\sqrt{-a^2 + x^2}}\right]$$

Problem 152: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 14 leaves, 2 steps) :

$$\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 42 leaves) :

$$-\frac{1}{2} \log\left[1 - \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}}\right] + \frac{1}{2} \log\left[1 + \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}}\right]$$

Problem 195: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{-x^2 + x^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 8 leaves, 3 steps) :

$$\frac{1}{x} - \text{ArcTanh}[x]$$

Result (type 3, 22 leaves) :

$$\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{2} \log[1 - x] - \frac{1}{2} \log[1 + x]$$

Problem 211: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\cos[x] (-3 + 2 \sin[x])}{2 - 3 \sin[x] + \sin[x]^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 11 leaves, 2 steps) :

$$\log[2 - 3 \sin[x] + \sin[x]^2]$$

Result (type 3, 26 leaves) :

$$2 \log\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \log[2 - \sin[x]]$$

Problem 212: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\cos[x]^2 \sin[x]}{5 + \cos[x]^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 20 leaves, 3 steps) :

$$\sqrt{5} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\cos[x]}{\sqrt{5}}\right] - \cos[x]$$

Result (type 3, 82 leaves) :

$$\frac{1}{20} \left(-\sqrt{5} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\cos[x]}{\sqrt{5}}\right] + 21 \sqrt{5} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} - \sqrt{\frac{6}{5}} \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + 21 \sqrt{5} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} + \sqrt{\frac{6}{5}} \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - 20 \cos[x] \right)$$

Problem 221: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{-4 \cos[x] + 3 \sin[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 18 leaves, 2 steps) :

$$-\frac{1}{5} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{5} (3 \cos[x] + 4 \sin[x])\right]$$

Result (type 3, 41 leaves) :

$$\frac{1}{5} \log\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - 2 \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - \frac{1}{5} \log\left[2 \cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right]$$

Problem 225: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{1+x}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 10 leaves, 2 steps) :

$$-2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{1+x}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 25 leaves) :

$$\log\left[1 - \sqrt{1+x}\right] - \log\left[1 + \sqrt{1+x}\right]$$

Problem 244: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos[x] + \sin[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 21 leaves, 2 steps) :

$$-\frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\cos[x]-\sin[x]}{\sqrt{2}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 3, 24 leaves) :

$$(-1 - i) (-1)^{3/4} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{-1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{\sqrt{2}}\right]$$

Problem 245: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{1 - \cos[x] + \sin[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 11 leaves, 2 steps) :

$$-\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \cot\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right]$$

Result (type 3, 24 leaves) :

$$\operatorname{Log}\left[\sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right]$$

Problem 246: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{4 \cos[x] + 3 \sin[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 18 leaves, 2 steps) :

$$-\frac{1}{5} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{5} (3 \cos[x] - 4 \sin[x])\right]$$

Result (type 3, 43 leaves) :

$$-\frac{1}{5} \operatorname{Log}\left[2 \cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \frac{1}{5} \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + 2 \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right]$$

Problem 249: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Sec}[x]}{1 + \operatorname{Sin}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 18 leaves, 4 steps) :

$$\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sin}[x]] - \frac{1}{2(1 + \operatorname{Sin}[x])}$$

Result (type 3, 54 leaves) :

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(-\operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[\frac{x}{2}] - \operatorname{Sin}[\frac{x}{2}]] + \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[\frac{x}{2}] + \operatorname{Sin}[\frac{x}{2}]] - \frac{1}{(\operatorname{Cos}[\frac{x}{2}] + \operatorname{Sin}[\frac{x}{2}])^2} \right)$$

Problem 255: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \operatorname{Sec}[x] \operatorname{Tan}[x]^2 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 16 leaves, 2 steps) :

$$-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sin}[x]] + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Sec}[x] \operatorname{Tan}[x]$$

Result (type 3, 42 leaves) :

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[\frac{x}{2}] - \operatorname{Sin}[\frac{x}{2}]] - \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[\frac{x}{2}] + \operatorname{Sin}[\frac{x}{2}]] + \operatorname{Sec}[x] \operatorname{Tan}[x] \right)$$

Problem 270: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (1 + \sqrt{x})^8 dx$$

Optimal (type 2, 27 leaves, 3 steps) :

$$-\frac{2}{9} (1 + \sqrt{x})^9 + \frac{1}{5} (1 + \sqrt{x})^{10}$$

Result (type 2, 60 leaves) :

$$x + \frac{16 x^{3/2}}{3} + 14 x^2 + \frac{112 x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{70 x^3}{3} + 16 x^{7/2} + 7 x^4 + \frac{16 x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{x^5}{5}$$

Problem 291: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{-e^{-x} + e^x} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 6 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\text{ArcTanh}[e^x]$$

Result (type 3, 23 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{Log}[1 - e^x] - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}[1 + e^x]$$

Problem 297: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (1 + \cos[x]) \csc[x] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 7 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\text{Log}[1 - \cos[x]]$$

Result (type 3, 20 leaves):

$$-\text{Log}[\cos[\frac{x}{2}]] + \text{Log}[\sin[\frac{x}{2}]] + \text{Log}[\sin[x]]$$

Problem 298: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{e^x}{-1 + e^{2x}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 6 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\text{ArcTanh}[e^x]$$

Result (type 3, 23 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{Log}[1 - e^x] - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}[1 + e^x]$$

Problem 314: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \cot[2x]^3 \csc[2x]^3 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 21 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{1}{6} \csc[2x]^3 - \frac{1}{10} \csc[2x]^5$$

Result (type 3, 53 leaves):

$$\frac{11 \cot[x]}{480} + \frac{11}{960} \cot[x] \csc[x]^2 - \frac{1}{320} \cot[x] \csc[x]^4 + \frac{11 \tan[x]}{480} + \frac{11}{960} \sec[x]^2 \tan[x] - \frac{1}{320} \sec[x]^4 \tan[x]$$

Problem 328: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x \sec[x] \tan[x] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 10 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin[x]] + x \sec[x]$$

Result (type 3, 37 leaves):

$$\log\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - \log\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + x \sec[x]$$

Problem 334: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{-e^x + e^{3x}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 12 leaves, 3 steps):

$$e^{-x} - \operatorname{ArcTanh}[e^x]$$

Result (type 3, 32 leaves):

$$e^{-x} + \frac{1}{2} \log[1 - e^{-x}] - \frac{1}{2} \log[1 + e^{-x}]$$

Problem 337: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sin[2x]}{\sqrt{9 - \cos[x]^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 11 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{\cos[x]^2}{3}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 26 leaves) :

$$\pm \log\left[\pm \cos[x]^2 + \sqrt{9 - \cos[x]^4}\right]$$

Problem 351: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int e^x \operatorname{Sech}[e^x] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 5 leaves, 2 steps) :

$$\text{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Sinh}[e^x]]$$

Result (type 3, 11 leaves) :

$$2 \text{ArcTan}\left[\tanh\left[\frac{e^x}{2}\right]\right]$$

Problem 355: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sec[x]^5 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 26 leaves, 3 steps) :

$$\frac{3}{8} \text{ArcTanh}[\sin[x]] + \frac{3}{8} \sec[x] \tan[x] + \frac{1}{4} \sec[x]^3 \tan[x]$$

Result (type 3, 58 leaves) :

$$\frac{1}{16} \left(-6 \log\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + 6 \log\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \frac{1}{2} \sec[x]^4 (11 \sin[x] + 3 \sin[3x]) \right)$$

Problem 363: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{-2 + x^{10}}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 18 leaves, 3 steps) :

$$\frac{1}{5} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x^5}{\sqrt{-2 + x^{10}}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 42 leaves) :

$$-\frac{1}{10} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{-2 + x^{10}}}\right] + \frac{1}{10} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{-2 + x^{10}}}\right]$$

Problem 370: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x^2 (1 + x^3)^4 dx$$

Optimal (type 1, 11 leaves, 1 step) :

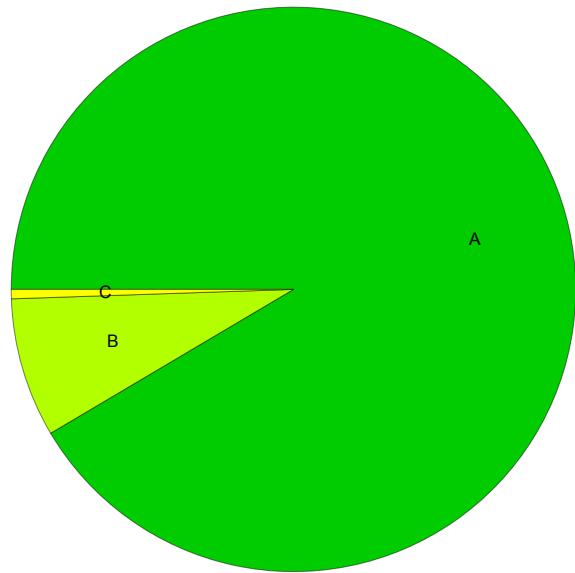
$$\frac{1}{15} (1 + x^3)^5$$

Result (type 1, 36 leaves) :

$$\frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{2x^6}{3} + \frac{2x^9}{3} + \frac{x^{12}}{3} + \frac{x^{15}}{15}$$

Summary of Integration Test Results

376 integration problems



A - 344 optimal antiderivatives

B - 30 more than twice size of optimal antiderivatives

C - 2 unnecessarily complex antiderivatives

D - 0 unable to integrate problems

E - 0 integration timeouts